ATI CP Grade 1, ATI CP Grade 2, ATI CP Grade 3, ATI CP Grade 4

Commercially Pure Titanium
(UNS R50250, R50400, R50550, R50700)

INTRODUCTION
ATI 30, CP Grade 1, ATI 40, CP Grade 2, ATI 55, CP Grade 3, ATI 70, CP Grade 4 or Commercially Pure, titanium grades (UNS R50250, R50400, R50550, R50700) are used where high ductility combined with excellent corrosion resistance, moderate strength, and good weldability are desired. The four grade numbers (ATI 30, 40, 55, 70) refer to the approximate minimum yield strengths for each grade. The different grades are characterized by differences in oxygen levels. These three titanium grades may be produced by single melt EB (electron beam) processing, or in a multiple melting practice with a final VAR (vacuum arc remelt). Typical product forms are billet, rolled bar, rod, and drawn wire products for applications such as airframe skin and structural components, cryogenic vessels, heat exchangers, chemical processing equipment, and medical and surgical device applications.

SPECIFICATIONS
• ASTM Grades I, II, III, IV (ATI 30, 40, 55, 70)
• ASTM B 348 - Bars and Billets
• AMS 4921 - Bars, Wire, and Forgings
• ASTM F 67 - Unalloyed Titanium
• ISO 5832-2 - Unalloyed Titanium

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES
Melting Range: 3,000-3,040°F, (1,649 - 1,671°C)
Density: 0.163 lbs/in³; 4.51 gm/cm³
Beta Transus Temperature:
ATI 30 1,630°F ± 25°F (888°C ± 4°C)
ATI 40 1,675°F ± 25°F (913°C ± 4°C)
ATI 55 1,690°F ± 25°F (921°C ± 4°C)
ATI 70 1,740°F ± 25°F (949°C ± 4°C)

HEAT Treatment
Commercially pure titanium can be annealed by heating to 1,000 - 1,300°F (538 - 704°C) for 1/2 to 2 hours and air cooling. Stress relief annealing can be achieved by heating to 1,000 - 1,100°F (538 - 593°C) for 30 minutes followed by air cooling.

HARDNESS
Typical annealed hardness in the annealed condition for ATI CP Grade 2 titanium is approximately Rockwell B80 and for ATI CP Grade 4 titanium about Rockwell B100.

FORGEABILITY/FORMABILITY
Commercially pure titanium is readily finish forged from 600 - 1,200°F (316 - 649°C). Reductions of 25-40% below the Beta
transus are necessary to obtain optimum properties. At room temperature CP titanium has limited formability.

Temperatures from 400 to 1,000°F (204 - 538°C) are normally used for deep drawing, spinning and other forming operations.

**MACHINABILITY**

Commercially pure titanium can be machined using practices for austenitic stainless steels using slow speeds, heavy feeds, rigid tooling and large amounts of non-chlorinated cutting fluid.

**WELDABILITY**

Commercially pure titanium is easily welded if proper precautions are taken to prevent oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen contamination. Fusion welding can be done in inert gas filled chambers or using inert gas shielding of the molten weld metal and the adjacent heated zones using a trailing shield. Spot, seam, and flash welding can be performed without resorting to protective atmospheres.

**SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

Commercially pure titanium can be subject to hydrogen contamination during improper pickling and by oxygen, nitrogen, and carbon pickup during forging, heat treating, brazing, etc. This contamination results in a deterioration in ductility which adversely effects notch sensitivity and forming characteristics.
**Chemical Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allvac Grade</th>
<th>ASTM B349 Grade</th>
<th>Chemistry</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>H(^a)</th>
<th>H(^b)</th>
<th>O</th>
<th>Fe</th>
<th>Pd</th>
<th>Other Elements(^c) Each</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Ti</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Weight % maximum</td>
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<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.0125</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>Bal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.0125</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>Bal.</td>
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<tr>
<td>55</td>
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<td></td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.0125</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>Bal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
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<td></td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.0125</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>Bal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A - Billets only  
B - Bars only  
C - Need not be reported.

**Electrical Resistivity**

- Strength Level Not Given
- 70 ksi
- 55 ksi

**Linear Coefficient of Thermal Expansion**

- Test Temperature

**Modulus of Elasticity**

- 1000 ksi
- 1000 MPa

**Specific Gravity**

- BTU/(lbf-F)
- Temperature